ATUL HOMECARE LTD (Formerly known as Lapox Polymers Ltd)

Directors' Report

Dear Members,

The Board of Directors (Board) presents the Annual Report of Atul Homecare Ltd (Formerly known as Lapox Polymers Ltd) together with the audited Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022.

01. Financial results

		(₹ in cr)
	2021-22	2020-21
Revenue from operations	15.38	16.01
Other income	0.07	0.10
Total revenue	15.46	16.11
Profit before tax	0.82	1.09
Ταχ	0.22	0.32
Profit for the year	0.60	0.76

02. Performance

During 2021-22 the Company generated revenue from operations of ₹ 15.38 cr. The Company has made profit of ₹ 0.60 cr.

03. Dividend

The Board does not recommend any dividend on the equity shares for the financial year ended March 31, 2022 to conserve resources.

04. Conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo

Information required under Section 134 (3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), read with Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time, forms a part of this Report which is given as the Annexure.

- 05. Insurance The Company has taken adequate insurance policies.
- 06. Risk Management The Company has identified risks and has initiated a mitigation plan for the same.

07. Internal Financial Controls

The Management assessed the effectiveness of the Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting as of March 31, 2022, and the Board believes that the controls are adequate.

08. Fixed deposits

During 2021-22, the Company did not accept any fixed deposits.

09. Prevention of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace

Pursuant to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Rules, 2013, the Company framed a Policy on Prevention of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace and constituted Internal Complaints Committee. No complaint was received during 2021-22.

10. Loans, guarantees, investments and security During 2021-22, the Company has made investment in a group company and did not give any loans, provide guarantees.

11. Subsidiary, associate and joint venture company

Osia Infrastructure Ltd ceased to be associate company of the Company. There was no other change in the subsidiary, associate and joint venture entities.

12. Related Party Transactions

All the transactions entered into with the Related Parties were in ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis. Details of such transactions are given at note number 19. No transactions were entered into by the Company which required disclosure in Form AOC-2.

13. Corporate Social Responsibility

The provision of Section 135 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.

14. Annual Return

Annual Return for 2021-22 is available for inspection at the registered office of the Company for inspection.

15. Auditors

GR Parekh & Co., Chartered Accountants were appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company at the 9^{th} Annual General Meeting (AGM) until the conclusion of the 14^{th} AGM.

The Auditors' Report for the financial year ended March 31, 2022 does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark. The Report is enclosed with the Financial Statements.

16. Directors' responsibility statement

Pursuant to Section 134(5) of the Act, the Directors confirm that, to the best of their knowledge and belief:

- 16.1 In preparation of the financial statement for the financial year ended March 31, 2022, the applicable accounting standards were followed and there are no material departures.
- 16.2 The Accounting Policies were selected and applied consistently and judgements and estimates were made that were reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the Company for that period.
- 16.3 Proper and sufficient care was taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.
- 16.4 The attached annual accounts for the year ended March 31, 2022 were prepared on a going concern basis.
- 16.5 Adequate Internal Financial Controls to be followed by the Company were laid down; and same were adequate and operating effectively.
- 16.6 Proper systems were devised to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and the same were adequate and operating effectively.

17. Directors

17.1 Appointments | Reappointments | Cessations

- 17.1.1 According to the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr Bharat Joshi retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for reappointment at the forthcoming AGM.
- 17.1.2 Mr Ujjaval Shah was appointed as an Additional Director. The Company received notice in writing from Member proposing his candidature for the office of Director. His appointment as a Directors is proposed to be regularised in the ensuing AGM.
- 17.2 Policies on appointment and remuneration The Company will formulate policy on remuneration of Directors as and when it starts paying remuneration to the Directors. The Company appoints directors in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.
- Key Managerial Personnel and other employees The provision of section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.

19. Board Meetings and Secretarial standards

The Board met four times during 2021-22. Secretarial standards as applicable to the Company were followed and complied with.

20. Analysis of remuneration

There is no employee who falls within the criteria provided in Sections 134(3)(q) and 197(12) of the Act read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

21. Acknowledgements

The Board expresses its sincere thanks to all the stakeholders, regulatory and Government authorities for their support.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Atul April 08, 2022 Director Director

Annexure to the Directors' Report

- 1. Conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo
- 1.1 Conservation of energy

1.1.1 Measures taken nil

- Technology absorption
 No major steps were taken during the current year.
- 1.3 Total foreign exchange used and earned
 - nil

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Members of Atul Homecare Limited (Earlier known as Lapox Polymers Limited) Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Financial Statements of Atul Homecare Limited (Earlier known as Lapox Polymers Limited) ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS")") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, and its profit, total comprehensive profit, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements.

Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Directors Report, but does not include the Standalone Financial Statement and our auditors report's thereon.

- Our opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.
- In connection with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.
- If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The respective Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the

financial position, financial performance including other Comprehensive Income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone Financial Statementsas a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- b) Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- d) Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Standalone Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Standalone Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Standalone Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- f) Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the Company to express an opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities or business activities included in the Standalone Financial Statements of which we are the independent auditors.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Standalone Financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Standalone Financial Statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Standalone Financial Statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report, to the extent applicable that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Cash Flow and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Company as on March 31, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
 - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.

- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its Standalone Financial Statements;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. The Company has not taken any loans or borrowings from financial institutions, banks and government,
 - v. The Company has not declared or paid dividend during the year.
- 2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

For Ghanshyam Parekh & Co. Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 131167W)

(G R Parekh) Proprietor (Membership No. 030530) UDIN: 22030530AHIFHM3199

Place: Atul Date: 8 April 2022

ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under "Report on Other legal and regulatory requirements" Section of our report of even date

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting of Atul Homecare Limite(Earlier known as Lapox Polymers Limited)d ("the Company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining Internal Financial Controls based on the internal controls over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate Internal Financial Controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the Internal Financial Controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the Auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Internal Financial Controls system over financial reporting of the Company.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Internal financial control over financial reporting of the Company includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the

Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the assets of the Company that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal Financial Controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the Internal Financial Control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate Internal Financial Controls system over financial reporting and such Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Ghanshyam Parekh & Co. Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 131167W)

> (G R Parekh) Proprietor (Membership No. 030530) UDIN: 22030530AHIFHM3199

Place: Atul Date: 8 April 2022

Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to in paragraph 2 under "Report on Other legal and regulatory requirements" section of our report of even date. In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit and to the best of our knowledge and belief:

- (i) a) A. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - B. As the Company does not hold intangible assets reporting under clause (i)(a)(B) of the Order is not applicable.
 - b) The fixed assets were physically verified during the year by the Management in accordance with a regular programme of verification which, in our opinion, provides for physical verification of all the fixed assets at reasonable intervals. According to the information and explanation given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - c) Based on our examination of the registered sale deed / transfer deed / conveyance deed (state any other relevant document which evidences title) provided to us, we report that, the title deeds of all theimmovable properties, (other than immovable properties where the Company is the lessee and the leaseagreements are duly executed in favour of the Company) disclosed in the financial statements included in(property, plant and equipment, capital work-in progress and investment property and non-current assetsheld for sale) are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date.
 - d) The Company has not revalued any of its property, plant and equipment (including Right of Use assets) and intangible assets during the year.
- (ii) (a) According to the information and explanation given to us The Company does not have any inventory and hence reporting under clause (ii) of the CARO 2016 is not applicable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores, in aggregate, at any point of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets.
- (iii) (a) The Company has made investments in, provided guarantee or security and granted loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any otherparties during the year, in respect of which:

				Amount (Rs.)
	Loans	Advances nature of Loan	Guarantee	Security
A. Aggregate amount granted /provided during the year:				
- Subsidiaries	-	-	-	-
- Joint Venture	-	-	-	-
- Associates	-	-	-	30
- Others	-	-	-	-
B. Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date in respect of				
above cases:*		-	_	-
- Subsidiaries	-	-	_	_
- Joint Venture	-	-	_	_

- Associates	-		-	30
- Others	-	_	_	_

- (b)The investments made, guarantees provided, security given and the terms and conditions of the grant of all the above-mentioned loans and advances in the nature of loans and guarantees provided, during the year are, in our opinion, prima facie, not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
- (c) Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, therefore this clause is not applicable to the Company.
- (d) Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, therefore this clause is not applicable to the Company.
- (e) Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, therefore this clause is not applicable to the Company.
- (f) According to information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed, the Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable ondemand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment during the year. Hence, reportingunder clause (iii)(f) is not applicable.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of grant of loans, making investments and providing guarantees and securities, as applicable.
- (v) According to the information and explanations given to us, The Company has not accepted any deposit or amounts which are deemed to be deposits. Hence, reportingunder clause (v) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vi) The maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (vii) According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory dues:
 - (a) The Company has been generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Provident Fund, Income-tax, Goods and Service Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it to the appropriate authorities.
 - (b) There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident Fund, Income-tax, Goods and Service Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at 31 March 2020 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (c) There are no dues of Goods and Service Tax or Income Tax as on 31March 2022 on account of disputes which have not been deposited.
- (viii) There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that were surrendered disclosed as income in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) during the year.
- (ix) (a) The Company has not taken any loans or borrowings from financial institutions, banks and government or has not issued any debentures. Hence reporting under clause (viii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) The Company has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender during the year.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us clause (xi)(d) is not applicable since the company has not taken funds on short term basis.

- (e) We report that the Company has neither taken any funds from any entity or person during the yearnor it had any unutilised funds as at the beginning of the year of the funds raised through issue of shares or borrowings in the previous year and hence, reporting under clause (ix)(e) of the Order isnot applicable.
- (f) The Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiariesor joint ventures or associate companies.
- (a) The Company has not issued any of its securities (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause (x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) The Company has not made preferential allotment or private placement (retain as applicable) of shares during the year.
- (a) To the best of our knowledge, no fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - (b) To the best of our knowledge, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
 - (c) As represented to us by the Management, there were no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements etc. as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) (a)In our opinion the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
 - (b) We have considered, the internal audit reports issued to the Company during the year and covering the period upto February 2022.
- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or directors of the holding, subsidiary or associate company or persons connected with them and hence provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable.
- (xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause (xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, (Asset Liability Maturity (ALM) pattern) other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exist as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period

of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

- (xx) The Company was not having net worth of rupees five hundred crore or more, or turnover of rupees one thousand crore or more or a net profit of rupees five crore or more during the immediately preceding financial year and hence, provisions of Section 135 of the Act are not applicable to the Company during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause (xx)(a) & (b) of the Order is not applicable for the year.
- (xxi) According to the information and explanations given to us, and based on the CARO reports issued by the auditors of the subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures included in the consolidated financial statements of the Company, to which reporting under CARO is applicable, provided to us by the Management of the Company and based on the identification of matters of qualifications or adverse remarks in their CARO reports by the respective component auditors and provided to us, we report that the auditors of such companies have not reported any qualifications or adverse remarks in their CARO report.

For Ghanshyam Parekh & Co. Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 131167W)

> (G R Parekh) Proprietor (Membership No. 030530) UDIN: 22030530AHIFHM3199

Place: Atul Date: 8 April 2022

(earlier known as "Lapox Polymers Limited")

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022

		Deutlandens		As at	As at
		Particulars	Note	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
	ASS	ETS			
1		Non-current assets			
	a)	Property, plant and equipment	2	3,591	3,591
				3,591	3,591
	b)	Investment in subsidiary and associates	3	13,17,267	1,48,17,237
	c)	Deferred tax assets (net)	20	20,48,694	14,66,076
	d)	Other non-current assets	4	7,99,325	-
	Tot	al non-current assets		41,68,877	1,62,86,904
2		Current assets			
	a)	Financial assets			
		i) Trade receivables	5	1,60,00,400	1,78,37,559
		ii) Cash and cash equivalents	6	14,50,866	18,26,509
		iii) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents above	7	3,49,46,915	1,18,57,873
		iv) Other financial assets	8	20,57,956	19,20,615
	b)	Other current assets	4	280	5,27,743
	Tot	al current assets		5,44,56,417	3,39,70,299
	Tot	al assets		5,86,25,294	5,02,57,203
	EQU	JITY AND LIABILITIES			
	Equ	ity			
	a)	Equity share capital	9	5,00,000	5,00,000
	b)	Other equity		3,33,07,452	2,82,08,071
	Tot	al equity		3,38,07,452	2,87,08,071
	Liat	pilities			
1		Non-current liabilities			
	a)	Provisions	13	65,80,511	47,49,672
2		Current liabilities			
	a)	Financial liabilities			
		i) Trade payables	10	17,46,440	2,51,491
		ii) Other financial liabilities	11	1,12,58,991	1,07,13,792
	b)	Other current liabilities	12	36,83,690	47,70,044
	c)	Provisions	13	15,48,210	10,64,133
	Tot	al current liabilities		1,82,37,331	1,67,99,460
	Tot	al liabilities		2,48,17,842	2,15,49,132
	Tot	al equity and liabilities		5,86,25,294	5,02,57,203

As per our attached report of even date

For Ghanshyam Parekh & Co.

Firm Registration Number: 131167W Chartered Accountants

G R Parekh

Proprietor Membership No. 030530 Atul April 08, 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

Director Atul April 08, 2022

(earlier known as "Lapox Polymers Limited")

Statement of Profit and Loss

for the year ended March 31, 2022

Particulars	Note	2021-22	2020-21
Revenue			
Revenue from operations	14	15,38,35,399	16,01,51,534
Other income	15	7,61,755	9,72,604
Total Income		15,45,97,154	16,11,24,138
Expenses			
Employee benefit expense	16	14,28,53,588	14,74,12,209
Finance costs	17	-	7,224
Depreciation and amortisation expense	2	-	1,857
Other expenses	18	35,38,207	28,20,365
Total expenses		14,63,91,795	15,02,41,655
Profit before tax		82,05,359	1,08,82,483
Tax expense			
Current tax	20	27,66,074	35,72,323
Deferred tax	20	(5,82,618)	(3,37,403)
Total tax expense		21,83,456	32,34,920
Profit for the year		60,21,903	76,47,562
Other comprehensive income			
A) Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss			
Remeasurement gains on defined benefit plans		(12,32,791)	(10,73,182)
Income tax on above		3,10,269	2,70,099
Total other comprehensive income		(9,22,522)	(8,03,083)
Total comprehensive income		50,99,381	68,44,479
Basic and diluted earning ₹ per Equity share of ₹ 10 each	22	120.44	152.95
The accompanying Notes form an integral part of the Financial Statemen	ts		

As per our attached report of even date

For Ghanshyam Parekh & Co.

Firm Registration Number: 131167W Chartered Accountants

G R Parekh

Proprietor Membership No. 030530 Atul April 08, 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

Director Atul April 08, 2022

(earlier known as "Lapox Polymers Limited")

Notes to the Financial Statements

Background

Atul Homecare Limited (earlier known as "Lapox Polymers Limited") (the 'Company') is a limited company incorporated and domiciled in India. It is a subsidiary company of Atul Ltd (Holding company). The Company is providing the business auxiliary service to its Holding company. The registered office of the Company is located at Anand Darshan, Near Atul Post Office, Atul 396020, Valsad,

Note 1 Significant Accounting Policies

1 Basis of preparation:

The Financial Statements comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) [Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015] and other relevant provisions of the Act. The Financial Statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except financial assets.

All the assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the normal operating cycle of the Company and other criteria set out in Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

2 Fixed Assets & Depreciation Amortizations :

Fixed Assets are stated at cost of acquisition or construction less accumulated deprecation / amortization. The company capitalized all cost relating to the acquisition, installation and construction of fixed assets.

Depreciation on addition to fixed Assets is calculated on pro-rata basis from the month of such addition. The company provides depreciation on SLM Methods at the rates specified under Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

3 Investments:

Investments that are intended to be held for more than a year, from the date of acquisition, are classified as long-term investments and are carried at cost.

4 Revenue Recognition:

Service Income is recognised, net of service tax, when the related service are provided.

5 Employee Benefits:

Leave Encashment:

Provision for future liabilities on account of Leave Encashment has been made on the basis of Actuarial Valuation and the same has been charged as current year's expenses.

Gratuity:

The Company has taken a policy with LIC and contributed for future gratuity liability and the same has been charged to Profit & Loss statement for the year.

6 Taxation:

Income tax expense comprises current tax and deferred tax charge or credit. Provision for current tax is made on the basis of the assessable income at the tax rate applicable to the relevant assessment year.

Deferred tax asset and deferred tax liability are calculated by applying tax rate and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively

enacted by the Balance Sheet date. Deferred tax assets on account of timing differences are recognised, only to the extent there is a

reasonable certainty of its realisation. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date to reassure realisation.

Lapox Polymers Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

7 Earning Per Share :

The company reports basic and diluted Earnings per share in accordance with accounting standard 20 "Earning per share". Basic earnings per share are computed by dividing the net profit or loss after tax for the year by the number of Equity Shares outstanding during the year.

8 Critical estimates and judgments:

The preparation of Financial Statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgment or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed. Detailed information about each of these estimates and judgments is included in relevant notes together with information about the basis of calculation for each affected line item in the Financial Statements.

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations

of future events that may have a financial impact on the Company and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(earlier known as "Lapox Polymers Limited")

Statement of changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2022

A. Equity share capital

		₹
	Notes	Amount
As at March 31, 2020		5,00,000
Changes in Equity share capital		-
As at March 31, 2021		5,00,000
Changes in Equity share capital		-
As at March 31, 2022	9	5,00,000

B. Other equity

		Reserves and surplus
	Notes	Retained earnings
As at March 31, 2020		2,13,63,592
Profit for the year		76,47,562
Other comprehensive income		(8,03,083)
Total comprehensive income for the year		68,44,479
As at March 31, 2021		2,82,08,071
Profit for the year		60,21,903
Other comprehensive income		(9,22,522)
Total comprehensive income for the year		50,99,381
As at March 31, 2022		3,33,07,452

As per our attached report of even date For Ghanshyam Parekh & Co. Firm Registration Number: 131167W Chartered Accountants

G R Parekh

Proprietor Membership No. 030530 Atul April 08, 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

Director Atul April 08, 2022

Cash Flow Statement

for the year ended March 31, 2022

			₹
	Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
Α.	Cash flow from operating activities		
	Profit before tax	82,05,359	1,08,82,483
	Add:		
	Depreciation and amortisation expenses	-	1,857
	Finance costs	-	8,459
	Loss on sale of investment	6,21,000	-
		6,21,000	10,316
		88,26,359	1,08,92,799
	Less:	00,20,333	1,00,52,755
		7 64 755	0 70 604
	Interest received	7,61,755	9,72,604
		7,61,755	9,72,604
	Operating profit before working capital changes	80,64,604	99,20,195
	Adjustments for:		
	Trade receivables	18,37,159	(37,82,005)
	Other current financial assets	(1,37,341)	24,99,542
	Other current assets	5,27,463	1,39,830
	Trade payables	14,94,949	(4,52,979)
	Other current financial liabilities	38,432	2,35,158
	Other current liabilities	(17,76,338)	15,95,668
	Current provisions	4,84,077	(6,65,361)
	Non-current provisions	18,30,839	20,04,723
		42,99,240	15,74,577
	Cash generated from operations	1,23,63,843	1,14,94,772
		1,23,03,845	1,14,94,772
	Less:	22.04.470	20.04.207
	Direct taxes net of refund	32,91,170	20,01,297
	Net cash flow from operating activities A	90,72,673	61,32,159
В.	Cash flow from investing activities	1 20 70 070	(4.25.00.050)
	Investments in group companies	1,28,78,970	(1,35,00,050)
	Investments Fixed Deposits Interest received	(2,30,89,042)	30,31,406
		7,61,755	9,72,604
C.	Net cash used in investing activities B Cash flow from financing activities	(94,48,317)	(94,96,040)
с.	Interest paid	_	(7,224)
	Net cash used in financing activities C	-	(7,224)
	Net change in cash and cash equivalents A+B+C	(3,75,644)	(9,789)
	Opening balance - cash and cash equivalents	18,26,509	18,36,299
	Closing balance - cash and cash equivalents	14,50,866	18,26,509

1. The accompanying Notes form an integral part of the Financial Statements

As per our attached report of even date For Ghanshyam Parekh & Co. Firm Registration Number: 131167W Chartered Accountants

G R Parekh

Proprietor Membership No. 030530 Atul April 08, 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

Director Atul April 08, 2022

Note 2 Property, plant and equipment	······
	Computers
Gross carrying amount	
As at March 31, 2019	94,379
Additions	-
Other adjustments	-
Deductions and adjustments	-
As at March 31, 2020	94,379
Additions	-
Other adjustments	-
Deductions and adjustments	-
As at March 31, 2020	94,379
Additions	-
Other adjustments	-
Deductions and adjustments	-
As at March 31, 2020	94,379
Depreciation Amortisation	
Upto March 31, 2019	86,144
For the year	2,787
Deductions and adjustments	
Upto March 31, 2020	88,931
For the year	1,857
Deductions and adjustments	
Upto March 31, 2021	90,788
For the year	-
Deductions and adjustments	
Upto March 31, 2022	90,788
Net carrying amount	
As at March 31, 2020	3,591
As at March 31, 2021	3,591

			As at		As at	
Note	3 Non-current investments	Face	March 31, 2022		March 31, 2021	
		Value	Number of shares	Value	Number of shares	Value
Α	Investment in equity instruments (Fully paid-up)					
	Unquoted					
	In associate companies measured at cost					
	Atul Polymers Products Ltd	10/-	25,002	2,50,020	25,002	2,50,02
	Atul Clean Energy Ltd	10/-	16,667	1,66,670	16,667	1,66,67
	Atul (Retail) Brands Ltd	10/-	16,667	1,66,670	16,667	1,66,67
	Atul Crop Care Ltd	10/-	14,669	5,11,597	14,669	5,11,59
	Atul Ayurveda Ltd	10/-	22,223	2,22,230	22,223	2,22,23
	Osia Infrastructure Ltd	10/-	-	-	13,50,000	1,35,00,00
	Atul Life Science Ltd	10/-	1	10	1	-
	Atul Natural Dyes Limited	10/-	1	10	1	
	Atul Natural Foods Limited	10/-	1	10	1	, -
	Atul Products Limited	10/-	1	10	1	· -
	Atul Renewal Energy Limited	10/-	1	10	1	-
	Sehat Food Ltd	10/-	1	10	-	
	Atul Paints Ltd	10/-	1	10	-	
	Atul Healthcare Ltd	10/-	1	10	-	
	Total			13,17,267		1,48,17,2

	Book value As at		Market value As at	
Particulars				
	March 31,	March 31,	March 31,	March 31,
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Quoted	-	-	-	-
Unquoted	13,17,267	1,48,17,237	-	-
Total	13,17,267	1,48,17,237	-	-

¹ In ₹ and fully paid

Note 4 Other assets		As March 3		As at March 31, 2021	
		Current	Non current	Current	Non current
a)	Balances with the Government department				
i)	Tax paid in advance, net of provisions	-	7,99,325	-	-
b)	Others	280	-	5,27,743	-
		280	7,99,325	5,27,743	-

		₹
Note 5 Trade receivables	As at	As at
Note 5 Trade receivables	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
a) Unsecured, considered good		
i) Trade receivables	1,60,00,400	1,78,37,559
	1,60,00,400	1,78,37,559

Note 6 Cash and cash equivalents	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
a) Balances with banks		
i) In current accounts	14,50,866	18,26,509
	14,50,866	18,26,509

There are no repatriations restrictions with regard to cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the reporting period and prior period.

		₹
Note 7 Dank balances other than each and each equivalants above	As at	As at
Note 7 Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents above	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Short-term bank deposit with original maturity between 3 to 12	3,49,46,915	1,18,57,873
months		
	3,49,46,915	1,18,57,873

Note 8 Other financial assets		As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021	
		Current	Non current	Current	Non current
f)	Advances recoverable in cash	20,57,956	-	19,20,615	-
		20,57,956	-	19,20,615	-

₹

₹

Note 9 Equity share capital	As at	As at	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
Authorised			
50,000 (50,000) Equity shares of ₹ 10 each			
	5,00,000	5,00,000	
Issued			
50,000 (50,000) Equity shares of ₹ 10 each			
	5,00,000	5,00,000	
Subscribed & Paid-up			
50000 (50000) Equity shares of ₹ 10 each, fully paid	5,00,000	5,00,000	
	5,00,000	5,00,000	

a) Movement in Equity share capital

		₹
	Number of shares	Equity share capital
As at March 31, 2020	50,000	5,00,000
As at March 31, 2021	50,000	5,00,000
As at March 31, 2022	50,000	5,00,000

b) The Company has only one class of Equity shares having a par value of ₹ 10 per share. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to approval of Shareholders in ensuing Annual General meeting.

c) Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% of Equity shares:

No	No Name of the Shareholder	As	As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021	
		March 3				
		Holding %	Number of shares	Holding %	Number of shares	
1	Atul Bio Space Limited	20%	10,000	20%	10,000	
2	Atul Corp Care Limited	20%	10,000	20%	10,000	
3	Atul Seeds Ltd	20%	10,000	20%	10,000	
4	Osia Dairy Ltd	20%	10,000	20%	10,000	
5	Jayati Infrastructure Ltd.	20%	10,000	20%	10,000	
		100%	50,000	100%	50,000	

Note 10 Trade payables	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
a) Others	17,46,440	2,51,491
	17,46,440	2,51,491

₹

Note 11 Other financial liabilities		As at March 31, 2022		at 1, 2021	
Note .		Current	Non current	Current	Non current
a)	Others	1,07,08,306	-	1,06,69,874	-
b)	Employee benefits obligation (refer note 21)	5,50,685		43,918	
		1,12,58,991	-	1,07,13,792	-

₹

₹

Note	12 Other liabilities		As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021	
		Current	Non current	Current	Non current	
b)	Statutory dues	36,83,690		47,34,004		
c)	Tax payable, net of tax paid in advance	-		36,040		
		36,83,690	-	47,70,044	-	

Note 13 Provisions	As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021	
	Current	Non current	Current	Non current
a) Provision for leave entitlement	15,48,210	65,80,511	10,64,133	47,49,672
	15,48,210	65,80,511	10,64,133	47,49,672

Note 14 Revenue from operations	2021-22	2020-21
Sale of services	15,38,35,399	16,01,51,534
	15,38,35,399	16,01,51,534
		₹
Note 15 Other income	2021-22	2020-21
Interest from others	7,61,755	9,72,604
	7,61,755	9,72,604
		₹
Note 16 Employee benefit expenses	2021-22	2020-21
Salaries, wages and bonus	13,14,46,855	13,97,94,551
Contribution to Provident and other funds	98,57,086	68,54,053
Staff welfare	15,49,647	7,63,605
	14,28,53,588	14,74,12,209
		_
Note 17 Einance costs	2021-22	₹ 2020-21
Note 17 Finance costs Interest on others	2021-22	7,224
	-	
	-	7,224
		₹
Note 18 Other expenses	2021-22	2020-21
Insurance	1,76,032	1,91,133
Payments to the Statutory Auditors		
a) Audit fees	10,000	12,500
b) Other matters	10,000	10,000
Loss on sale of investment	6,21,000	-
Miscellaneous expenses	27,21,175	26,06,732
	35,38,207	28,20,365

Note 19: Related party transactions

a) Name of the related party and nature of relationship :

Sr.	Name	Relationship
	Atul Ltd	Holding Company
1	Aaranyak Urmi Ltd1	
2	Aasthan Dates Ltd	
3	Amal Ltd2	
4	Amal Speciality Chemicals Ltd1	
5	Anchor Adhesives Pvt Ltd	
6	Atul Aarogya Ltd	
7	Atul Ayurveda Ltd	
8	Atul Bioscience Ltd	
9	Atul Biospace Ltd	
10	Atul Brasil Quimicos Ltda	
11	Atul China Ltd	
12	Atul Clean Energy Ltd	
13	Atul Crop Care Ltd	
14	Atul Deutschland GmbH	
15	Atul Entertainment Ltd	
16	Atul Europe Ltd	
17	Atul Fin Resources Ltd1	
18	Atul Finserv Ltd	
19	Atul Hospitality Ltd	
20	Atul Healthcare Ltd	
21	Atul Infotech Pvt Ltd1	
22	Atul Ireland Ltd	Subsidiary companies of holding company
23	Atul Lifescience Ltd	
24	Atul Middle East FZ-LLC	
25	Atul Natural Dyes Ltd	
26	Atul Natural Foods Ltd	
27	Atul Nivesh Ltd1	
28	Atul Polymers Products Ltd	
29	Atul Products Ltd	
30	Atul Rajasthan Date Palms Ltd1	
31	Atul Renewable Energy Ltd	
32	Atul (Retail) Brands Ltd	
33	Atul Seeds Ltd	
34	Atul USA Inc	
35	Biyaban Agri Ltd	
36	DPD Ltd1	
37	Gujarat Synthwood Ltd3	
38	Jayati Infrastructure Ltd	
	Osia Dairy Ltd	
40	Osia Infrastructure Ltd	
	Raja Dates Ltd	
42	Atul Paints Ltd	
43	Sehat Foods Ltd	
	Other related parties with whom transaction	is have taken place during the year
44	Rudolf Atul Chemicals Ltd	Joint venture company of holding company
 45	Anaven LLP	Joint operation of holding company

1 Investments held through subsidiary companies | 2 Subsidiary company by virtue of control | 3 Under liquidation

b) Details of transactions with related parties

Name of transaction	Enterprise by which significant influence exercised Atul Limited			
	2021-22	2020-21		
Income				
- Service charges received	15,38,35,399	16,01,51,534		
Other transactions				
- Reimbursement of expense received	1,88,18,361	1,87,24,442		
- Service charges paid	3,75,921	7,00,459		
Outstanding balances as at year end				
Payables	-	-		
Receivables	1,59,79,600	1,78,16,758		
Investment in equity shares of subsidiaries				
Sehat Food Ltd (1 equity share @ Rs.10/-)	10	-		
Atul Paints Ltd (1 equity share @ Rs.10/-)	10	-		
Atul Healthcare Ltd (1 equity share @ Rs.10/-)	10	-		
Sale of investment				
Equity share of Osia Infrastructure Ltd sold to Atul Fin Resource Ltd (3,50,000 Shares @ Rs.9.54/- each)	33,39,000	-		
Equity share of Osia Infrastructure Ltd sold to Atul Finserve Ltd (10,00,000 Shares @ Rs.9.54/- each)	95,40,000	-		

Note 20 : Current and Deferred tax

The major components of income tax expense for the years ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 are:

a) Income tax expense

	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Current tax		
Current tax on profits for the year	27,66,074	34,47,860
Adjustments for current tax of prior periods	-	1,24,463
Total current tax expense	27,66,074	35,72,323
Deferred tor		
Deferred tax		
(Decrease) increase in deferred tax liabilities	-	312
Decrease (increase) in deferred tax assets	5,82,618	3,37,091
Total deferred tax expense (benefit)	5,82,618	3,37,403
Income tax expense	33.48.692	39.09.726

b) No deferred tax has been recorded for recognised in other comprehensive income during the years

c) The reconciliation between the statutory income tax rate applicable to the Company and the effective income tax rate of the Company is as follows :

		₹
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Statutory income tax rate	26.00%	26.00%
Differences due to:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	6.05%	7.68%
Income exempt from income tax	0.00%	0.00%
Income tax incentives	0.00%	0.00%
Others	-3.32%	0.53%
Effective income tax rate	28.73%	34.20%

d) No aggregate amounts of current and deferred tax have arisen in the reporting periods which have not been recognised in net profit or loss or other comprehensive income but directly debited | (credited) to equity

e) Current tax liabilities		₹
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Opening balance	36,040	-
Add: Current tax payable for the year	27,66,074	35,72,323
Less: Taxes paid	(27,66,074)	(35,36,283)
Closing balance	36,040	36,040

f) Deferred tax liabilities (net)

The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to:		₹
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Property, plant and equipment	-	-
Investment in associates and joint venture	-	-
Total deferred tax liabilities	-	-
Property, plant and equipment	(2,857)	(2,857)
Provision for leave encashment	20,45,837	14,63,218
Provision for doubtful debts		
Provision for doubtful advances		
Investment property		
Voluntary retirement scheme		
MAT credit entitlement		
Total deferred tax assets	20,48,694	14,66,075
Net deferred tax (asset) liability	(20,48,694)	(14,66,076)

Movement in deferred tax liabilities asse	ts							₹
	Property plant and equipment	Provision for leave encashment	Provision for doubtful debts	Provision for doubtful advances	Investment property	Voluntary retirement scheme	MAT credit entitlement	Total
At March 31, 2020	2,545	11,26,128	-	-	-	-	-	11,28,673
(Charged) credited:								
- to profit or loss	312	3,37,091	-	-	-	-	-	3,37,403
At March 31, 2021	2,857	14,63,218	-	-	-	-	-	14,66,075
(Charged) credited:								
- to profit or loss	-	5,82,618	-	-	-	-	-	5,82,618
At March 31, 2022	2,857	20,45,837	-	-	-	-	-	20,48,694

Note 21 :Defined contribution plans

Particulars	Present value of obligation	Fair value of plan assets	Net amount
March 31, 2020	28,35,368	(42,66,507)	(14,31,139)
Current service cost	5,01,437		5,01,437
Interest expense (income)	1,47,723	(2,22,285)	(74,562)
Total amount recognised in profit and loss	6,49,160	(2,22,285)	4,26,875
Remeasurements			
Return on plan assets, excluding amount included in interest expense ((income)		6,672	6,672
(Gain) loss from change in demographic assumptions	14,00,067		14,00,067
(Gain) loss from change in financial assumptions	(4,43,283)		(4,43,283)
Experience (gains) losses	1,09,726		1,09,726
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income	10,66,510	6,672	10,73,182
Employer contributions		(25,000)	(25,000)
Benefit payments	(3,88,588)	3,88,588	-
March 31, 2021	41,62,450	(41,18,532)	43,918

Particulars	Present value of obligation	Fair value of plan assets	Net amount
March 31, 2021	41,62,450	(41,18,532)	43,918
Current service cost	11,22,732		11,22,732
Interest expense (income)	2,52,244	(2,49,583)	2,661
Total amount recognised in profit and loss	13,74,976	(2,49,583)	11,25,393
Remeasurements			
Return on plan assets, excluding amount included in interest expense (income)		(3,19,792)	(3,19,792)
(Gain) loss from change in demographic assumptions	902		902
(Gain) loss from change in financial assumptions	10,26,286		10,26,286
Experience (gains) losses	5,25,395		5,25,395
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income	15,52,583	(3,19,792)	12,32,791
Employer contributions		(15,31,358)	(15,31,358)
Benefit payments	(3,54,928)	3,54,928	-
March 31, 2022	67,35,081	(58,64,337)	8,70,744

The net liability disclosed above relates to funded and unfunded plans are as follows:

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Present value of funded obligations	67,35,081	54,89,532
Fair value of plan assets	(58,64,337)	(39,70,557)
Deficit of gratuity plan	8,70,744	15,18,975

Note 22 Earning per share			
Earning per share (EPS) - The numerators and denominators used to calculate basic a	nd diluted EPS:		
Particulars		2021-22	2020-21
Profit for the year attributable to the Equity Shareholders	₹	60,21,903	76,47,562
Basic Weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year	Number	50,000	50,000
Nominal value of Equity share	₹	10	10
Basic and diluted Earning per Equity share	₹	120.44	152.95

Note 23 The Financial Statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on April 08, 2022

As per our attached report of even date For Ghanshyam Parekh & Co. Firm Registration Number: 131167W Chartered Accountants For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

G R Parekh Proprietor Membership No. 030530 Atul April 08, 2022

Director Atul April 08, 2022